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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/974,668	10/10/2001	Kazuya Sayanagi	P/1071-1451	7481	
32172 7	590 01/27/2003				
DICKSTEIN SHAPIRO MORIN & OSHINSKY LLP 1177 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS (6TH AVENUE) 41 ST FL. NEW YORK, NY 10036-2714			EXAMINER  JONES, STEPHEN E		
			2817		
			DATE MAILED: 01/27/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	No.	Applicant(s)				
•		09/974,668		SAYANAGI ET AL.				
Offic	Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		Stephen E.	Jones	2817				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status								
<u></u>	ive to communication(s) filed on							
	<u> </u>	———· This action is no	on-final					
, <u> </u>	,—			rosecution as to the	merits is			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. <b>Disposition of Claims</b>								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are pending in the application.								
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.								
7) Claim(s) _	is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) _	are subject to restriction an	nd/or election req	uirement.					
Application Papers								
9)⊡ The specifi —	cation is objected to by the Exam	niner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.								
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:								
1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachment(s)		-						
	es Cited (PTO-892) son's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) sure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	-	Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s). Patent Application (PTO-1				

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 3. Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the admitted prior art Fig. 11 (and its description on pages 1-3 of the present specification) in view of Warneke et al.

The admitted prior art Fig. 11 teaches a high frequency circuit board for an electronic apparatus including all of the features of the claimed invention (including Claims 6 and 8-9) except: that the terminal electrode (5b) and the high frequency signal terminal are connected to ground for conducting direct current (Claims 1-3 and 10); that the passive impedance circuit device (i.e. the filter structure) is formed of a dielectric

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substrate having a higher dielectric constant than the semiconductor and circuit board (Claim 4); that the semiconductor and passive impedance device are bump mounted (Claims 5 and 11); that a cover is provided on the circuit board and the terminal is disposed external to the cover (Claim 7); that the passive impedance circuit is connected after the semiconductor device (Claim 12); or that the passive impedance circuit device is connected to the ground before the high frequency signal terminal is connected to the other terminal of the passive circuit (Claim 13).

Warneke et al. (Fig. 2) teaches a MEMS switch filter circuit including a stub (26) which is connected to ground through a via hole (30).

It would have been considered obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have substituted the filter structure taught by Warneke et al. in place of the filter in the admitted prior art Fig. 11, because it would have provided the advantageous benefit of the capability of blocking many selected frequencies (see Warneke Col. 4, lines 36-38), thereby suggesting the obviousness of such a modification. Also, note that the via can be considered capable of conducting direct current since it is a continuous connection (i.e. in a DC manner having no blocking capacitors or equivalent).

Also, the admitted prior art teaches that the circuit board has a low dielectric constant as compared to the semiconductor of GaAs and the passive device substrate (see page1, lines 10-13 of the present specification), and Warneke teaches that the filter substrate can be ceramic (see Col. 5, lines 5-8). Thus it would have been considered obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have chosen the Warneke filter substrate to have been ceramic in the combination of the admitted prior art and

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Warneke, because it would have been a mere selection of art recognized equivalent substrate materials for the filter device as suggested by Warneke, which as a result would have provided a filter substrate having a dielectric constant that is higher than the circuit board and semiconductor device since it is well-known that the dielectric constant of ceramic is higher than GaAs, and the admitted prior art teaches that the circuit board dielectric constant should be comparatively low.

Furthermore it would have been considered obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have bump-mounted the semiconductor and passive devices instead of surface mounting, because bump-mounting is a well-known art recognized equivalent means for mounting devices on a circuit board to provide RF connections between components.

Additionally, it would have been considered obvious to have provided a cover over the components on the top of the circuit board, because it is well-known to provide covers for providing electrical isolation for circuitry, and thus the circuit would have resulted in a covered structure having only the terminal electrode (for input/output) and ground on the bottom of the circuit board exposed to the outside of the cover.

Finally regarding Claims 12-13, it would have been considered a mere design choice as to which components are mounted first in a particular order of assembly, especially since there does not appear to be any criticality to the order of the mounting of the components of the circuits.

## Conclusion

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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Sakamoto et al. teaches a high frequency multi layer module.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen E. Jones whose telephone number is 703-305-0390. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8 AM to 4 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert J. Pascal can be reached on 703-308-4909. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-6251 for regular communications and 703-308-6251 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

SEJ January 22, 2003

Robert Pascal
Supervisory Patent Examiner
Technology Center 1800